

Multicollinearity

STAT 615 (Baron)

```
DATA C;
INFILE forest;
INPUT AGE HD N MDBH;
```

```
PROC REG DATA=C;
MODEL MDBH = HD AGE N / COLLIN TOL VIF;
```

```
RUN;
```

The REG Procedure
Model: MODEL1
Dependent Variable: MDBH

Number of Observations Read	20
Number of Observations Used	20

Analysis of Variance

Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
Model	3	8.60560	2.86853	25.79	<.0001
Error	16	1.77990	0.11124		
Corrected Total	19	10.38550			

Root MSE	0.33353	R-Square	0.8286
Dependent Mean	6.26500	Adj R-Sq	0.7965
Coeff Var	5.32374		

Parameter Estimates

Variable	DF	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	t Value	Pr > t
Intercept	1	5.07300	0.52784	9.61	<.0001
HD	1	0.09968	0.01873	5.32	<.0001
AGE	1	-0.09741	0.05244	-1.86	0.0817
N	1	-0.00290	0.00062451	-4.64	0.0003

$1 - R_j^2$ → VIF_j

Tolerance	Variance Inflation
0.18638	5.36536
0.19665	5.08522
0.80108	1.24831

$= \frac{1}{1 - R_j^2}$

Collinearity Diagnostics

Number	Eigenvalue	Condition Index	Proportion of Variation			
			Intercept	HD	AGE	N
1	3.93496	1.00000	0.00127	0.00044404	0.00049800	0.00191
2	0.04558	9.29148	0.01797	0.02137	0.05106	0.34816
3	0.01575	15.80776	0.87202	0.04876	0.00145	0.38388
4	0.00372	32.53216	0.10874	0.92942	0.94700	0.26604

Eigenvalues of $(X'X)$, ordered

$$\sqrt{\frac{\lambda_{\max}}{\lambda_j}}$$

Condition number:

$$\kappa = \sqrt{\frac{\lambda_{\max}}{\lambda_{\min}}}$$

$$P_{je} = \frac{A_{je}^2 / \lambda_e}{VIF_j}$$

where

A = matrix that orthogonalizes $X'X$
 A_{je} = principal components

Scaled $X'X$ is used:
all diagonals = 1.